Kerala includes the Union Territory of Lakshadweep Islands.

Maharashtra includes the State of Goa.

North East includes the States of Meghalaya, Mizoram, Tripura, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur and Nagaland.

Punjab includes the Union Territory of Chandigarh.

Tamil Nadu includes the Union Territory of Pondicherry,

West Bengal includes the State of Sikkim.

Disinvestment of PSUs

*159 SHRI A. VIJAYARAGHAVAN: DR. DASARI NARAYANA RAO:

Will the Minister of DISINVESTMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are planning disinvestment of certain companies and PSUs which were formed with the Government funds but not acquired under or pursuant to a statutory enactment;

(b) if so, the details of such companies and PSUs and the status of its disinvestment as on date;

(c) the details of such PSUs which were created by Act of Parliament and wherein the disinvestment process is at present on; and

(d) the steps Government propose to take so that disinvestment of these PSUs goes unhindered?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI SU. THIRUNAVUKKARASAR): (a) and (b) Annexed Statement lists *inter-alia* the Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) being disinvested in which Government holds equity, but which were not created through an Act of Parliament. (See below) The list includes six subsidiaries of PSUs (Balmer Lawrie & Co. Ltd., Braithwaite & Co., Burn Standard & Co., Tungabahadra Steel Products Ltd., Hotel Corporation of India Ltd. and ICVL, Palakad) and seven joint ventures (Hotel Neelanchal Ashok; Puri, Hotel Lakeview Ashok; Bhopal, Hotel Ranchi Ashok, Ranchi, Hotel Bramputra Ashok; Guwahati, Hotel Pondicherry Ashok; Pondicherry,

Hotel Donyi Polo Ashok, Itanagar and Hotel Punjab Ashok, Anandpur Sahib) where the equity is held by the concerned PSU. The current status of processing of each case of disinvestment can be potentially, commercially sensitive information, which is therefore not disclosed.

(c) Four PSUs (Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd., Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd., Braithwaite & Co., and Burn Standard & Co.,) in the list were acquired through Acts of Parliament. In the case of Hindustan Copper Ltd., Shipping Corporation of India Ltd., and Bharat Aluminium Co. Ltd. (a privatised PSU) units acquired through an Act of Parliament were merged into the PSU. Annexed Statement also refers to these PSUs.

(d) Various options in this regard are before Government.

Statement

Names of Public Sector Undertakings which were not created through an Act of Parliament

Sl. No.	**Name** of the company	Whether created by an Act of Parliament or not	Name of the Act
1.	**Strategic Sale in progress**		
1.	National Fertiliser Ltd.	No	
2.	Madras Fertilisers Ltd.	No	
3.	Rashtriya Chemicals & Fertilisers Ltd.	No	
4.	Fertiliser and Chemicals Travancore Ltd.	No	
5.	Hindustan Organic Chemicals Ltd.	**No**	
6.	Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd. (process stopped w.e.f. 16th Sept. 03)	Yes	"The Esso (Acquisition of Undertakings in India) Act, 1974." "The Caltex (Acquisition of Shares of Caltex Oil

Sl. No.	Name of the company	Whether created by an Act of Parliament or not	Name of the Act
			Refining (India) Ltd. Ordinance, 1976 and the ordinance was made an Act in 1977.
7.	Hindustan Copper Ltd.	Yes, but partially	Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisition of Undertakings) Act, 1972 — Acquisition of Indian Copper Corporation Ltd. and merger with HCL
8.	National Aluminium Company Ltd. (Not being pursued at present)	No	
9.	Mineral Exploration Corpn. Ltd.	No	
10.	Manganese Ore India Ltd.	No	
11.	Sponge Iron India Ltd.	No	
12.	Shipping Corporation of India	Yes, but partially	The Jayanti Shipping Company (Acquisition of Shares) Act, 1971 The Mogul Line Limited (Acquisition of Shares) Act, 1984 — Merger of Jayanti Shipping and Mogul Line with SCI.
13.	Central Inland Water Transport Corporation Ltd.	No	
14.	National Building Construction Corpn. Ltd.	No	
15.	Balmer Lawrie & Co. Ltd.*	No	
16.	Instrumentation Ltd., Kota	No	

Sl. No.	Name of the company	Whether created by an Act of Parliament or not	Name of the Act
17.	Braithwaite & Co.*	Yes	Braithwaite & Co. (India) Limited (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertaking) Act 1976.
18.	Burn Standard & Co.*	Yes	Burn Company and Indian Standard Wagon Company (Nationalisation) Act, 1976.
19.	National Instruments Ltd.	No	
20.	Tungabhadra Steel Products **Ltd.***	No	
21.	Engineering Projects India Ltd.	No	
22.	MECON Ltd.	No	
23.	Engineers India Ltd.	No	
24.	State Trading Corporation of India **Ltd.**	No	
25	NEPA Ltd.	No	
26	Bharat Ophthalmic Glass Ltd.	No	
27	Hindustan Paper Corporation Ltd.	No	
28.	Hotel Corporation of India Ltd. (HCI)* (i) Centaur Hotel Airport, Delhi (including Chefair Delhi) (ii) Chefair Mumbai	No	
29.	India Tourism Development Corporation (ITDC) i. Hotel Samrat; New Delhi (Lease-cum-management contract) ii. Hotel Jaipur Ashok iii. Hotel Patliputra Ashok	No	

SI.	Name of the company	No.	Whether Act by an Act of Parliament or not	Name of the . created
	iv. Hotel Kalinga Ashok v. Hotel Jammu Ashok			
30.	Hotel Neelachal Ashok, Puri**		No	
31.	Hotel Lakeview Ashok, Bhopal"		No	
32.	Hotel Ranchi Ashok, Ranchi**		No	
33.	Hotel Brahmputra Ashok, Guwahati**		No	
34.	Hotel Pondicherry Ashok, Pondicherry**		No	
35.	Hotel Donyi Polo Ashok, Itanagar**		No	
36.	Hotel Punjab Ashok, Anandpur Sahib*'		No	
	II. Through Offer for Sale			
37.	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd. stopped w.e.f. 16th Sept. 03)		Yes (Process	The Burmah Shell (Acquisition of Undertakings in India) Act, 1976.
38.	Dredging Corporation of India Ltd.		No	
	III. For residual shares of Government through Offer for Sale route			
39.	CMC Ltd.		No	
40.	Videsh Sanchar Nigam Ltd. (VSNL)		No	
41.	IBP Ltd.		No	
42.	Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Ltd. (IPCL)		No	
43.	Bharat Aluminium Co. Ltd. (BALCO)		Yes, but partially	Bidan Bagh Unit was acquired and merged with BALCO through

SL No.	Name of the company	Whether created Act of Parliament or not	Name of the Act by an
			"Aluminium Corporation of India (Acquisition & Transfer) Act, 1984"
IV.	Transaction Completed pending approval from BIFR.		
44.	ICVL, Palakad*.	No.	

'Subsidiaries of the Public Sector Undertakings. "Joint Venture Companies of ITDC.

Payment by WLL Operators for Unified License

*160. SHRI NILOTPAL BASU: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) the manner in which the computation of amounts to be paid by WLL operators to acquire a 'unified license' is arrived at;

(b) whether the difference in bidding prices and penal interest on default period is adequate to capture the delinquency in defaulting on license conditions;

(c) whether such a method of computation is consistent with contemporary international practices; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI ARUN SHOURIE): (a) to (d) Based upon the recommendations of Telecom Regulatory of India (TRAI), the prescribed entry fee for Basic Service Operator {with or without Wireless in Local Loop (WLL) facility} for migration to Unified Access Services Licence (UASL) in a service area is equal to the entry fee paid by the fourth Cellular Operator for that service area, or the entry fee paid by the Basic Service Operator (BSO) itself, whichever is higher. While applying for migration to UASL, the BSO is required to pay the difference between the said entry fee for UASL and the entry fee paid by it.